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WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 2, 1882.

Population of the National Capital—180,000.

Aquariums To Night.

NATIONAL THEATRE—John McCullough—Vir-
ginia.

FORBES OPERA-HOUSE—Janyne—Deborah—
MASON'S TEMPLE—Washington Light Guard Fair.

The Political Outlook.

Letters and full information from all
directions in the South give assurance
that the Bourbon back-bone is broken.

The Virginia coalition has produced
good fruits in the election of a Liberal
United States Senator, and is moving on
to the accomplishment of all for which it
was pledged to the people in the late
campaign. The small diversion created
by the desire of Mr. Massey for an office
does not in any manner affect the general
purposes of the Liberal party. The
debt question will be honorably settled,
the elective franchise liberated, the com-
mon schools fostered, the whipping-post
abolished, and general prosperity pro-
moted by the encouragement of immi-
gration and of the investment of capital
from outside of the State.

In Tennessee there is every indication
of Republican success next fall through
the accession of anti-Bourbon Demo-
crats and the thorough organization of the
party. The able chairman of the State
committee, ex-Congressman Harrison, is
an earnest man and an able organizer,
and has the confidence of Republicans
and Liberals alike. The three Repub-
lican Congressmen from that State, Messrs.
Houk, Pettibone, and Moore, are faithful
Representatives, and will by their service
to the State greatly strengthen the party to
which they belong. The Bourbons of Ten-
nessee will die hard; but there is no help
for them. Senator Harris will be suc-
ceeded, not by a more honest or able man,
but by one who moves on more willingly
with the political progress of the times.

In North Carolina the Bourbons have
overreached themselves, and, in their
eagerness to deprive Republicans of local
power, they have centralized all powers
in the State government, thereby abol-
ishing the county governments, and have
even advocated a bogus prohibition
measure in order to exclude internal
revenue officers from the State. These
war measures against the Republicans
have broken the ranks of their enemies,
and if our own party friends will over-
look past disagreements and join together
in a hearty invitation to liberal anti-
Bourbon Democrats to act with them in
a grand uprising against the old Bour-
bon organization victory will be assured.

The temperance people of the Repub-
lican party of North Carolina will see
that they cannot retard their cause by a
political revolution. The first duty is to
destroy the Bourbon Democracy. When
that is done, questions of less vital con-
sequence can be discussed and voted
upon.

In Delaware and Maryland, Kentucky,
and Missouri there are signs of unrest
among the Bourbons and of hope among
the friends of the Administration.

South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alab-
ama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, and
Arkansas have within their borders hosts
of wise, courageous, and energetic men,
who are carefully perfecting plans for a
revolt against the Bourbon party, and
they will find all Republicans, except a few
Bourbons, ready for a Liberal alliance.

Coinage of the Mint.

The following is a statement of the coinage ex-
ecuted at the mint of the United States during the
month of January, 1882:

But many moderate Democrats and non-
partisans who have often lent their
aid to the opposition can be counted on
to respond to a call to support that Ad-
ministration. It may be that before
midsummer, when the congressional
nominating conventions are to be held,
the Republicans throughout the country
will find thousands of liberal men ready
to respond to a call which shall add to
the Republican voters all who are willing
to support the Administration in its
honest policy at home and its honorable
and peaceful policy abroad.

Mr. Blaine's personal organ, the *Post*,
clamors for the remainder of the tele-
grams from Mr. Trescot, which Secretary
Frelinghuysen informed the Senate could
not be made intelligible by translation
from the cipher used in its transmission.

Then the organ goes into a series of
conundrums as to whether the unpub-
lished portion meant this or that or the
other. One would think that the writer
had been permitted to read the inco-
herent telegram, and that he had found
in some disjointed phrases, indicative of
displeasure on the part of Mr. Trescot,

Or perhaps a duplicate was sent to some
body in Washington, Mr. Trescot went
to Peru for his Government, and is in-
capable of insolence toward the Presi-
dent in response to any additional in-
structions that have been or may be sent
him. The late Secretary should so in-
form his organ, and its writers would not
then be exercising their lively imagina-
tions for the purpose of putting into the
mouth of a Government envoy language
which could only be used by him as an
envoy of Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Hawley: From the president, faculty,
and students of Yale College, for reform in the civil
service.

Mr. Harris, from the Committee on Epidemic
Diseases, reported favorably, with amendments,
the bill for the distribution of pure vaccine virus
to the people. (The amendments appropriate
fifteen thousand dollars to enable the National Board
of Health to supply the pure article at cost price,
and require that the proceeds of the sale shall be
paid into the Treasury.)

The Senate took up Mr. Morgan's pending reso-
lution calling for an authentic statement of all
of the heavy ordinances being built by the United
States, and also for the printing of testimony taken
before the Senate on the subject. The bill was
read, and referred to the Committee on Armed
Services.

Mr. Morgan introduced his amendment, Mr. All-
ison, of New Jersey, seconded it, and the motion
was carried. The resolution was then referred to
the Committee on Armed Services.

A division followed occupying the time be-
yond the morning hour, and was participated
in by Messrs. Allison and Hoar, the latter ob-
serving that the estimated cost of the printing
would be \$900.

Mr. Morgan introduced his amendment, Mr. All-
ison, of New Jersey, seconded it, and the motion
was carried. The resolution was then referred to
the Committee on Armed Services.

The Senate (at 1:30) took up the bill for a motion
of adjournment.

Mr. Morgan introduced his amendment, Mr. All-
ison, of New Jersey, seconded it, and the motion
was carried. The resolution was then referred to
the Committee on Armed Services.

The Senate (at 2:30) took up the bill for a motion
of adjournment.

Mr. Morgan introduced his amendment, Mr. All-
ison, of New Jersey, seconded it, and the motion
was carried. The resolution was then referred to
the Committee on Armed Services.

The Senate (at 3:30) took up the bill for a motion
of adjournment.

Mr. Morgan introduced his amendment, Mr. All-
ison, of New Jersey, seconded it, and the motion
was carried. The resolution was then referred to
the Committee on Armed Services.

The Senate (at 4:30) adjourned until-to-morrow.

Oldest Inhabitants.

A special number of the "Old Inhabitants" As-
sociation was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Jenkins
Thomas in the chair and Mr. Nicholas Callan sec-
retary. It was decided to observe the one hundred
and fifth anniversary of the birth of General
Washington.

Mr. Joseph H. Bradley was selected to
represent the association at the celebration of the
anniversary.

Upon the suggestion of Mr. Ingalls the amend-
ment was introduced by the insertion of an express
resolution to the effect that nothing in the act
should be construed to authorize an increase of
the amount of the pension.

The bill was then reported to the Senate from
the Committee of the Whole, and the question
arose as to whether the amendment applying the
surplus revenue over \$100,000 to the pension
fund should be retained or not.

Mr. Windom referred to the details of his operations
in funding the continued demand at 3½ per cent.,
and invited any Senator to indicate the particular
method of funding the operations he believed
legally to be correct.

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